





### **Jindal Steel & Power: Foot Prints in India**





Fully integrated steel plant /Downstream Units



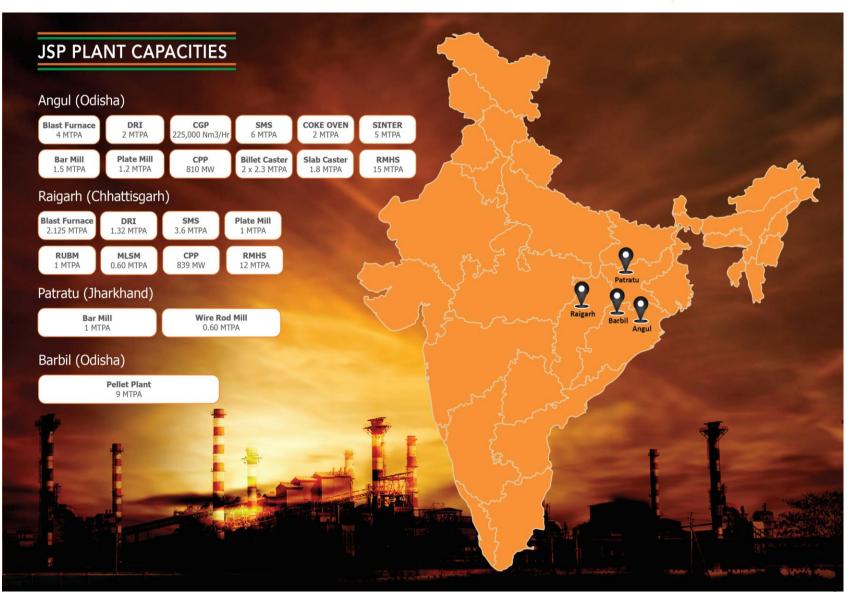
Thermal Power plant



Beneficiation & Agglomeration Units



Captive mines

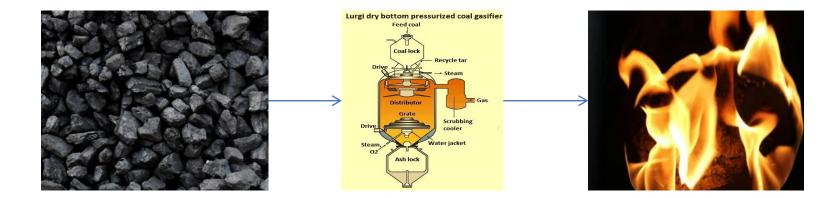




## What is Gasification



- Gasification converts any **Carbon** containing material into **Synthesis gas**, composed primarily of Carbon monoxide and Hydrogen
- Uses high pressure combined with Oxygen or air & steam to convert carbon based materials directly into Syngas by partial oxidation
- Gasification process breaks carbon based materials down to the molecular level, so impurities can be relatively easily and inexpensively removed







#### **Benefits of Gasification**

- Gasification plants produce significantly low quantities of air pollutants.
- Gasification can reduce the environmental impact of waste disposal because it can use waste products as feedstock - generating valuable products from these waste materials.
- Gasification's by-products are non-hazardous & are readily marketable.
- Gasification plants use significantly less water than traditional coal-based power generation, and can be designed so they fully recycle the process water, discharging none into the surrounding environment.
- Carbon dioxide (CO2) is being captured from an industrial gasification plant using commercially proven technologies.
- Gasification offers the cleanest, very efficient means of producing chemicals & electricity from coal and the lowest cost option for capturing CO2.



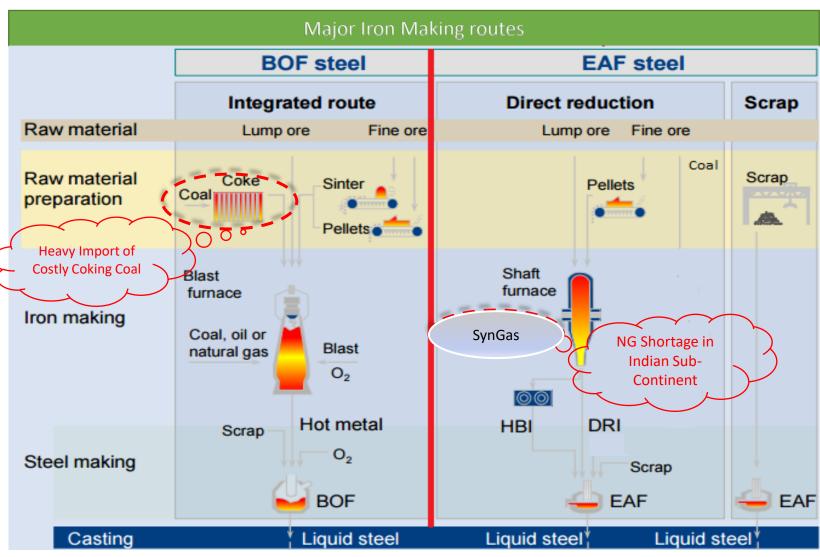
## **Selection of Coal Gasification Technology**





#### **Selection of Coal Gasification Project**

- 1. Both of the Current Clean Conventional Routes of Iron making are dependent on Imports.
- 2. However, JSP also being a supporter of "Make In India" Ideology, tried to use non-coking coal in Clean Steel making.
- 3. Same is abundantly available in India & can be used effectively.



# Selection of Fixed Bed Technology

Well demonstrated, mature and Proven Technology with low risk. More than 100 Gasifiers in operation incl. China.

Suitable for low Rank, high ash content Coal.

High Carbon conversion efficiency (approx. 95%).

High Cold Gas efficiency due to counter-current operation.

Low Oxygen consumption.

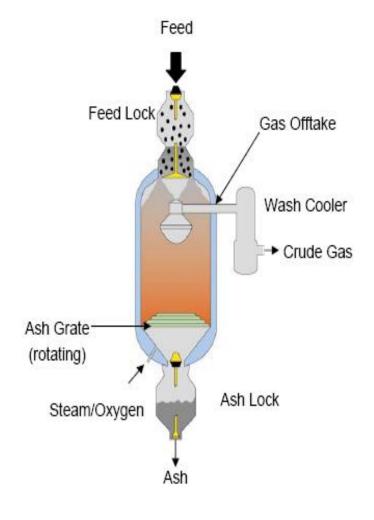
**Gas Composition suitable for Steel / Fertilizer Industry.** 

Ash fusion temperature of Indian Coal is high, therefore, dry bottom type is preferred.

No Coal drying & grinding required, hence less energy consumption & not hazardous.

Valuable By-Products like Tar, Oil, Phenol, Ammonia etc.

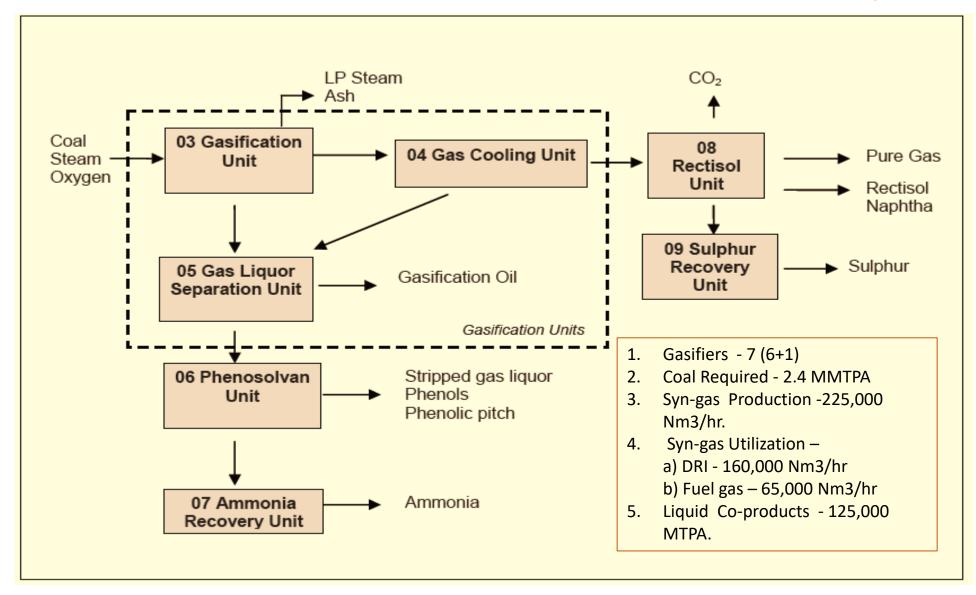






## **Coal Gasification Plant**







# **Steps taken for stable operation of Gasification Plant**

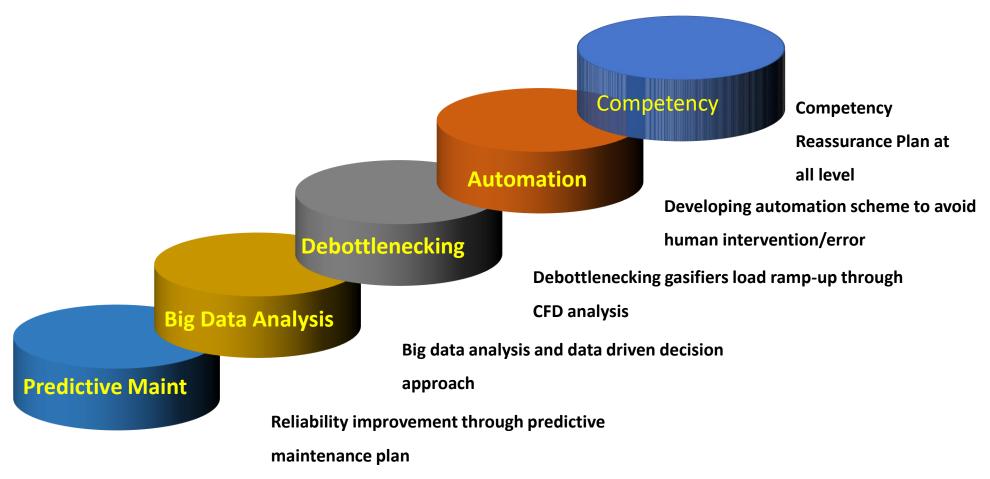


- Establishing Good Operating Zone for efficient and stable operation
- Gained operational excellence while analyzing all the upsets.
- Make in India initiative by developing facilities at our Machinery Division at JSPL, Raipur for manufacturing Gasifier components, cost benefit
- In house competency developed at CGP Angul for repairing facility for Ash lock top cone, Ash lock bottom cone, Bosman skirt and Angular Valves
- Major modification done and initiatives taken for automation of the plant



# Plan for sustainable operation of Gasification Plant







# Why renewed interest in Coal Gasification



- Skyrocketing energy prices
- Availability of abundant non-coking coal in India
- · Coal is more evenly distributed geographically, unlike oil
- Availability of now matured technology
- Coal gasification is widely used in SA & China and is a success story there



# Way forward



#### 1. Expansion of existing unit

 Three additional fixed bed Gasifier will be installed for maximum utilization of existing Gasification complex as well as to meet the requirement of DRI 2 in line with mega expansion of the Steel complex

#### 2. New Gasification complex

- Coal fines can't be used in our existing Gasifier. New Gasifiers of different technology which can handle fines will be installed.
- Allotted mines will be operational in next 3 months in line with the aim of utilizing Indian coal to the maximum extent.

#### 3. Decarbonisation



#### **Decarbonisation Pillars for Steel Business**





# CO<sub>2</sub> Minimization



# CO<sub>2</sub> Avoidance



# Carbon Circularity



# **Carbon Capture** & Utilization

- Syngas based production
- Resource optimisation
- Pellet feed in blast furnaces
- Zero waste approach

- Zero power furnace
- Heat recovery from off gases
- Heat recovery from slags
- Use of renewable power
- Maximizing hydrogen usage from existing 55-60%

- CO<sub>2</sub> to CO
- CO<sub>2</sub> to syngas
- Dry reforming of CO<sub>2</sub>
- Fuels bioethanol
- Chemicals methanol
- Biological Pigment and SiC







# THANK You!

